

Syllabus for Law Bachelor's

Section 1: Subject Knowledge

Please Note: A Total of 40 Questions will be asked, combining the following topics, with the difficulty level commensurate to a Bachelor's Candidate.

Unit I: Jurisprudence-I and Legal Methods

Major legal systems of the world, Indian legal system, sources of law, schools of thought.

Unit II: Law of Contract

Meaning and Essentials of Contract, Agency, Consent and free consent, Breach of contract- Meaning and Kinds, Indian Contract Act, 1872, The specific relief act 1963, Indian majority act 1875, Information Technology act 2000.

Unit III: Law of Torts and Consumer Protection Law

Introduction, Definition, Nature and Scope and no-fault liability, Various kinds of torts, Consumer Protection Act 2019, Consumer Protection Agencies.

Unit IV: Public International Law

Definition, Nature and Basis of International Law, The Sources of International Law, Subjects and Sanctions, Relationship between International Law and Domestic/Municipal Law, International Recognition, Dispute Settlement, Intervention and International treaties, State Territory, Air and Space Law, International Human Rights.

Unit V: Constitutional Law

Features of Constitution and Executive Government, Local Self Government and Theory of Basic structure, Union and State Judiciary, Freedom of Trade and Commerce, Emergency Provisions, Preamble, Citizenship, and the Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

Unit VI: Law of Crimes

Criminal liability, General Exception- Chapter IV-IPC, Culpable Homicide and Murder, Sexual Offences, Kidnapping and Abduction, Joint and group liability, Theft, Robbery, extortion, Bail, Investigation and Trial.

Unit VII: Family Law

Sources of Hindu Law, Law relating to Marriage, Laws related to succession, maintenance and adoption among Hindus, Sources of Muslim law, Marriage and Maintenance under Muslim law, The Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986, Muslim law on Will and Gifts, Alienation of Joint Hindu family property.

Unit VIII: Property Law

Concept of Property, Transfer of property, Transferable and Non-Transferable Property, Mortgage, General Principles Governing Transfer of Immovable Property, Transfer during pendency of litigation, Gifts, Lease and License.

Unit IX: Company and Industrial Law

Nature and kinds of companies, Formation and Promotion of company, prospects, Company's share capital, Adjudicatory bodies, Corporate Social Responsibility and Corporate Liquidation, Corporate Governance, Industrial Disputes Act, Settlement and Awards, Resolution of Industrial Dispute, Wage- Concepts and Kinds.

Unit X: Civil Procedure Code

Definitions: Decree, Judgement, Order, Foreign Court, Foreign Judgement, Mesne-Profits, Affidavit, Suit, Complaint, Written Statement, Res Sub-Judice, Res Judicata, Restitution, Caveat, Inherent, Powers of Courts, Execution of Judgement and Decree, Interim Orders, Appeals, Reference, Review and Revision, Amendment of Pleadings.

Unit XI: Administrative Law

Definition and Scope, Rule of Law, Theory of Separation of Powers, Delegated Legislation, Meaning of discretion, Judicial Review of conferment and exercise of discretionary power, abuse of discretionary power, Nature and Scope of Judicial Review, Right to information, Tribunals, Regulatory agencies.

Unit XII: Criminal Procedure Code

Bailable Offence, Non-Bailable Offence, Cognizable Offence, Non-cognizable Offence, Complaint, Charge, Police Report, Investigation, Inquiry and Trial, Summons Case, Warrant Case, Arrest, Bail, Pre-trial and Trial Proceedings, Appeals, Revision and Reference, Transfer of criminal cases, Plea bargaining, Inherent power of court.

Unit XIII: Human Rights

Concept and development of human rights, Universalism and cultural relativism, International Bill of Rights, Group rights – Women, children, persons with disabilities, elderly persons, minorities and weaker sections, Protection and enforcement of human rights in India.

Unit XIV: Environmental laws

Meaning and concept of environment and environmental pollution, International environmental law and UN Conferences, Constitutional and legal framework for protection of environment in India, Environmental Impact Assessment and control of hazardous waste in India.

Unit XV: Intellectual Property Laws

Concept, meaning, and theories of intellectual property, International conventions, Copyright and neighbouring rights, Law of patent, Law of trademark, Protection of Geographical Indications.

Unit XVI: Information Technology Laws

Digital signature and electronic signature, E-governance, Electronic records and duties of subscribers, Cyber crimes, penalties and adjudication, Emerging technologies in medicine and genetics.

Unit XVII: Comparative Public Law

Relevance, methodology, problems and concerns in Comparison, Comparison along aspects like forms of government, rule of law, separation of powers, independence of judiciary, judicial activism, constitutional review, amendment procedure, ombudsman system, right to information.

Unit XVIII: Alternative Dispute Resolution

Meaning, nature and genesis of ADR, Forms of ADR, Legal aid, Arbitration, Mediation, Conciliation, Negotiation, Jurisdiction issues, international law pertaining to ADR.

Section 2: Fundamental Research Skills

Please Note: A Total of 31 Questions will be asked, combining the following topics, with the difficulty level commensurate to a Bachelor's Candidate.

1. Research Methodology
2. Reading and Writing
3. Qualitative analysis